Supplementary 1.

	ICD-10 codes and NOMESCO	Anatomical Therapeutic
	codes for procedures	Chemical (ATC) codes
	10 years prior to major LEA index date in the National Patient Registry	Minimum two redeemed prescriptions in the Register of Pharmaceutical Sales within a two-year period from major LEA index date
Cardiovascular disease (1, 2)	Atrial fibrillation and flutter	Medical treatment of Ischaemic Heart Disease and Heart Failure
	DI48 - Atrial fibrillation and flutter	allu neart railule
	Atherosclerosis	CO1A – Cardiac Glycosides CO1B – Antiarrhythmics, class I and III CO1D – Vasodilators used in cardiac diseases
	DI70 – Atherosclerosis	C01E – Other cardiac preparations
	DI71 - Aortic aneurysm and dissection DI73.9A - Intermittent claudication	
	DI73.9C – "Iskæmiske hvilesmerter i	
	underekstremitet"	
	Cerobrovascular	
	DG45 - Transient cerebral ischaemic attacks and	
	related syndromes	
	DI60 - Subarachnoid haemorrhage	
	DI61 - Intracerebral haemorrhage	
	DI62 - Other nontraumatic intracranial haemorrhage	
	DI63 - Cerebral infarction	
	DI64 - Stroke, not specified as haemorrhage or	
	infarction	
	DI65 - Occlusion and stenosis of precerebral	
	arteries, not resulting in cerebral infarction	
	DI66 - Occlusion and stenosis of cerebral arteries,	
	not resulting in cerebral infarction DI67 - Other cerebrovascular diseases	
	DI68 - Cerebrovascular disorders in diseases	
	classified elsewhere	
	DI69 - Sequelae of cerebrovascular disease	
	Ischaemic Heart Diseases	
	DI20 – Angina pectoris	
	DI21 – Acute myocardial infarction	
	DI23 – Certain current complications following	
	acute myocardial infarction	
	DI24 – Other acute ischaemic heart diseases	
	DI25 - Chronic ischaemic heart disease	
	NOMESCO codes for procedures	
	KFNA – Connection to coronary artery from	
	internal mammary artery	

Muskeloskeletal disease (2)	DM05 - Seropositive rheumatoid arthritis	
Osteoporosis (2, 3)	DM80 - Osteoporosis with pathological fracture DM81 - Osteoporosis without pathological fracture DM82 - Osteoporosis in diseases classified elsewhere	M05 – Drugs for treatment of bone diseases
	KKAS96 - Other transplantation of kidney or related procedure KKAS97 - Other percutaneous endoscopic procedure on transplanted kidney KPBL - Construction of arteriovenous fistula from arteries of upper extremity	
	NOMESCO codes for procedures	
	Ureter/Renal pelvis	
	KKAS70 – "Uretertransposition til transplanteret urinleder eller nyrebækken"	
	KKAS61 - Percutaneous endoscopic operation for lymphocele of transplanted kidney	
	kidney KKAS60 - Operation for lymphocele of transplanted kidney	
	transplanted kidney KKAS50 - Nephrocystostomy in transplanted	
	KKAS40 - Excision of transplanted kidney KKAS41 - Percutaneous endoscopic excision of	
	cadaver donor KKAS20 - Allogenic transplantation of kidney from living donor	
	KKAS00 - Autotransplantation of kidney KKAS10 - Allogenic transplantation of kidney from	
	KJAK10 - Laparotomy and insertion of peritoneal dialysis catheter	
	BJFD – Dialysis BJFZ – Partial procedures in dialysis treatment	
	NOMESCO codes for procedures	
	DN18 – Chronic Kidney Disease	
Kidney disease (1)	Chronic Kidney Disease	
	DI11 – Hypertensive heart disease DI13 – Hypertensive heart and renal disease DI50 – Heart failure	
	Heart Failure	
	KFNG - Expansion and recanalisation of coronary artery	
	graft KFNE – Coronary bypass using free arterial graft KFNF – Coronary thrombendarterectomy	
	KFNC – Aorto-coronary venous bypass KFND – Aorto-coronary bypass using prosthetic	
	KFNB – Connection to coronary artery from gastroepiploic artery	

	Takana a	
	DM06.0 - Seronegative rheumatoid arthritis DM06.8 - Other specified rheumatoid arthritis DM07.0 - Distal interphalangeal psoriatic arthropathy DM07.1 - Arthritis mutilans DM07.3 - Other psoriatic arthropathies DM10.0 - Idiopathic gout DM10.9 - Gout, unspecified DM15 - Polyarthrosis DM16 - Coxarthrosis [arthrosis of hip] DM17 - Gonarthrosis [arthrosis of knee]	
	DM18 - Arthrosis of first carpometacarpal joint DM19 - Other arthrosis DM40-M43 - Deforming dorsopathies DM40 - Kyphosis and lordosis DM41 - Scoliosis DM42 - Spinal osteochondrosis	
	DM43 - Other deforming dorsopathies DM45-DM49 - Spondylopathies DM45 - Ankylosing spondylitis DM46 - Other inflammatory spondylopathies DM47 - Spondylosis DM48 - Other spondylopathies	
	DM49 - Spondylopathies in diseases classified elsewhere DM50-DM54 - Other dorsopathies DM50 - Cervical disc disorders DM51 - Other intervertebral disc disorders DM53 - Other dorsopathies, not elsewhere classified	
Psychiatric disease (3, 4)	DM54 – Dorsalgia DF00-DF99 – Mental and behavioural disorders	N05A – Antipsykotica N05B – Anxiolytics N05C – Hypnotics and sedatives N06A – Antidepressants
Pulmonary disease (COPD and	COPD	R03 – Drugs for obstructive airway diseases
Asthma) (2, 3)	DJ40 – Bronchitis, not specified as acute or chronic DJ41 – Simple and mucopurulent chronic bronchitis DJ42 – Unspecified chronic bronchitis DJ43 – Emphysema DJ44 – Other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease DJ47 – Bronchiectasis DJ96 – Respiratory failure, not elsewhere classified Asthma DJ45 – Asthma DJ46 – Status asthmaticus	
Trauma-related major lower- extremity amputation	Diagnoses DS74: Injury of nerves at hip and thigh level DS75: Injury of blood vessels at hip and thigh level	
	DS77: Crushing injury of hip and thigh DS78: Traumatic amputation of hip and thigh	

DS80: Superficial injury of lower leg

DS85: Injury of blood vessels at lower leg level

DS87: Crushing injury of lower leg

DS88: Traumatic amputation of lower leg

DS95: Injury of blood vessels at ankle and foot

level

DS97: Crushing injury of ankle and foot

DS98: Traumatic amputation of ankle and foot

DTO: Superficial injuries involving multiple body

regions

National Patient Registry contact codes used to exclude hospital contacts

NPR2:

Ulykke ("Accident"), voldshandling ("Act of violence" and selvmord / selvmordsforsøg ("Suicide / Suicide attempt") (c_kontaars: 2, 3, 4)

NPR3:

ALCC02 - Ulykke ("Accident")

ALCC03 - Voldshandling ("Act of violence"

ALCC04 - Selvmordsforsøg ("Suicide attempt")

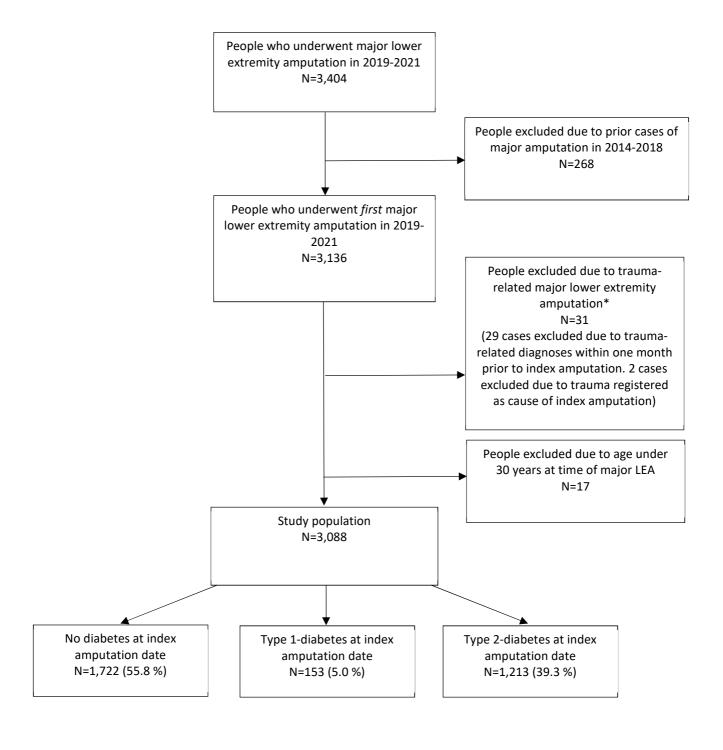
ALCC05 - Anden tilsigtet selvskade ("Other types of

intentional self-harm")

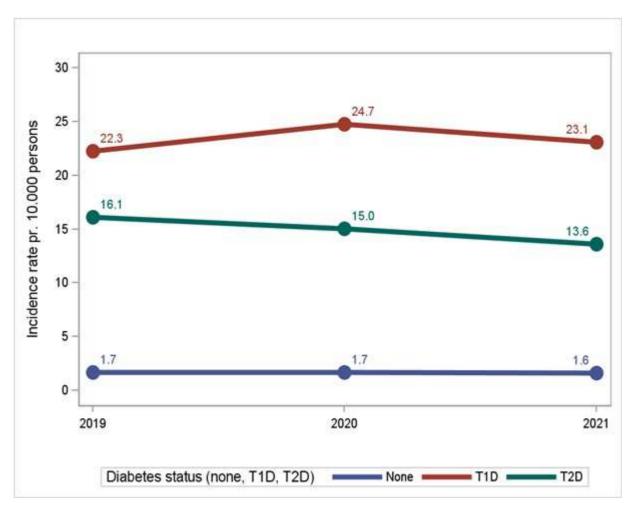
- 1. Jørgensen M, Amadid H, Carstensen B. Diabetes demography, cardiometabolic risk factors, and acute- and chronic diabetes complications in a nationwide diabetes registry in Denmark 2020 [Accessible at: https://www.sdcc.dk/forskning/klinisk-forskning/Documents/Diabetes%20demography%20report.pdf?rhKeywords=Diabetes+demography%2C+cardiometabolic+risk+factors%2C+and+acute-
- +and+chronic+diabetes+complications+in+a+nationwide+diabetes+re-
- $\frac{gistry+in+Denmark\#search=Diabetes\%20demography\%2C\%20cardiometabolic\%20risk\%20factors\%2C\%20a}{nd\%20acute\%2D\%20and\%20chronic\%20diabetes\%20complications\%20in\%20a\%20nationwide\%20diabetes}\%20registry\%20in\%20Denmark.$
- 2. Møller S, Laursen B, Johannesen C, Schramm S. Multisygdom i Danmark. 2019.
- 3. Huber CA, Szucs TD, Rapold R, Reich O. Identifying patients with chronic conditions using pharmacy data in Switzerland: an updated mapping approach to the classification of medications. BMC Public Health. 2013;13:1030.
- 4. Sildorf SM, Breinegaard N, Lindkvist EB, Tolstrup JS, Boisen KA, Teilmann GK, et al. Poor Metabolic Control in Children and Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes and Psychiatric Comorbidity. Diabetes Care. 2018;41(11):2289-96.

Supplementary 2.

Identification of people who underwent first non-traumatic major lower-extremity amputation (2019-2021)

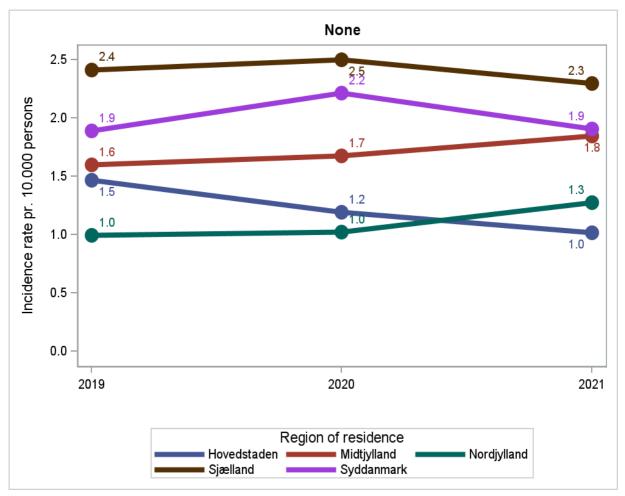


The incidence rate of people who underwent first non-traumatic major lower leg amputation according to diabetes type (2019-2021)



The denominator includes all persons in Denmark within the subgroup (all without diabetes, all with type 1-diabetes and all with type 2-diabetes, respectively) alive and residing in Denmark on the 31st of December in the year preceding LEA index date.

The incidence rate of people who underwent first non-traumatic major lower leg amputation according to diabetes type and region of residency (2019-2021)



Note that the y-axis of the graph above spans from 0-2.5 major lower-extremity amputations pr. 10.000 persons. Compared to the y-axes of the graphs for those with type 1-diabetes and type 2-diabetes the y-axis of this graph is much narrower due to the much lower incidence rates of first non-traumatic major lower leg amputation in people without diabetes compared to people with diabetes

