

Radio Medical Record

Name / title:		Birthdate / cpr.		Gender:		Nationality:		Date: UTC:	
Shipping company:		Ship name:		Ship e-mail:		Satellite call no.:		Call signal:	
Coordinates:		Destination/ETA:		Nearest port and ETA:		Medicine chest:		Page 1 of:	

Does the patient take any medicine?

Does the patient have any allergies?

If so, wich one(s):

If so, wich one(s):

No () Don't know ()

No () Don't know ()

Problem description (what has happened - where did it happen - when did it happen - what are the patient's symptoms)

A: Airway

Investigate	Action
Clear airways	Yes () No () If no: Jaw lift () Suction applied () Guedal® airway () If no breathing, or insufficient gasping for air, CPR initiated at:
Oxygen	Oxygen administered: liters pr. min.
Neck / back Suspicion of injury	Yes () No () Fitted neck collar: Yes () No ()

B: Breathing

Investigate	Action
Breathing frequency and depth (See - listen - feel)	Description of breathing: Fast () Slow () Shallow () Deep () Normal () Other: Number of breaths per min.: (normal 12 -16)
Oxygen saturation in %	Oxygen saturation in %: (normal: 95 - 100%)

C: Cirkulation

Investigate	Action
Capillary response	Number of seconds If more than 2 seconds: Venous cannula inserted: Yes () No ()
Skin color	Pale () Reddish () Bluish () Normal ()
Skin temperature and humidity	How does the skin feel:
Pulse	Pulse per. min.: (normal 60- 80) Measured at: the wrist () the neck () the groin ()
Blood pressure	Blood pressure: / (normal 120 - 140 / 60 - 90)

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D: Disability

Investigate	Action
Level of consciousness	☐ 1. Awake, alert and well orientated ☐ 2. Unclear, but responds to questions ☐ 3. Does not respond to questions but to pain stimuli ☐ 4. Unconscious and unresponsive to pain stimuli Convulsions: Yes ☐ No ☐ Paralysis: Yes ☐ No ☐
Pupil reaction	Normal: Yes (uniform contraction) No describe what you see:

E: Expose

Investigate	Performed	Action
Top to toe examination. Signs of injury / illness not recognised under A-B-C-D	Yes ☐ No ☐	If yes, describe any symptoms / findings:
Signs of hypothermia or overheating	Yes ☐ No ☐	If yes, describe any symptoms / findings:
Temperature measurement	Yes ☐ No ☐	Temperature (mouth): Temperature (measured alternatively): Where:

Performed actions not described above:

If possible, attach image(s) when sending mail.

If you gave any medication before contact to Radio Medical, please list here

Time.:	Time.:
Time.:	Time.:

The name and title of the Medical Officer

Radio Medical record - continued documentation

Time	Documentation of prescriptions and actions (Radio Medical's prescriptions must include: Medication name, strength, number and duration)

Radio Medical Record - Observation Chart

Patient's name:

Birthdate / CPR

Date						
Time						
General condition (1 - 4)						
Level of consciousness (1 - 4)						
Oxygen liters/min						
Breathing frequency /min.(12-16)						
Oxygen saturation in % (95-100)						
Capillary response in sec. (< 2 sek.)						
Heart rate / min. (60-80)						
Blood pressure (120-140 / 60-90)	/					
Pupil reaction (Normal + / +)						
Temp. measured in the mouth (36,5)						
Venous cannula inserted (yes / no)						
Intravenous fluid, drops / min.						
Fluid intake / drink						
24-hour urine						
Urine sticks						
Blood sugar (4-7 mmol / liter)						
Malaria test						

How to code:

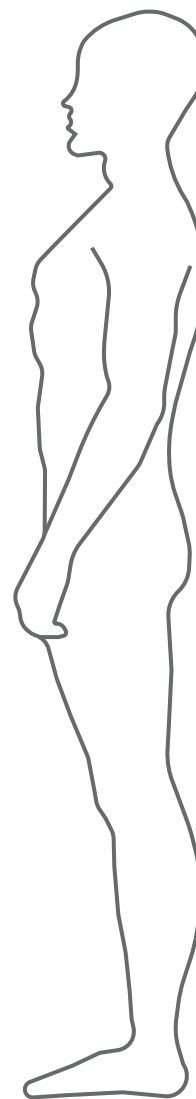
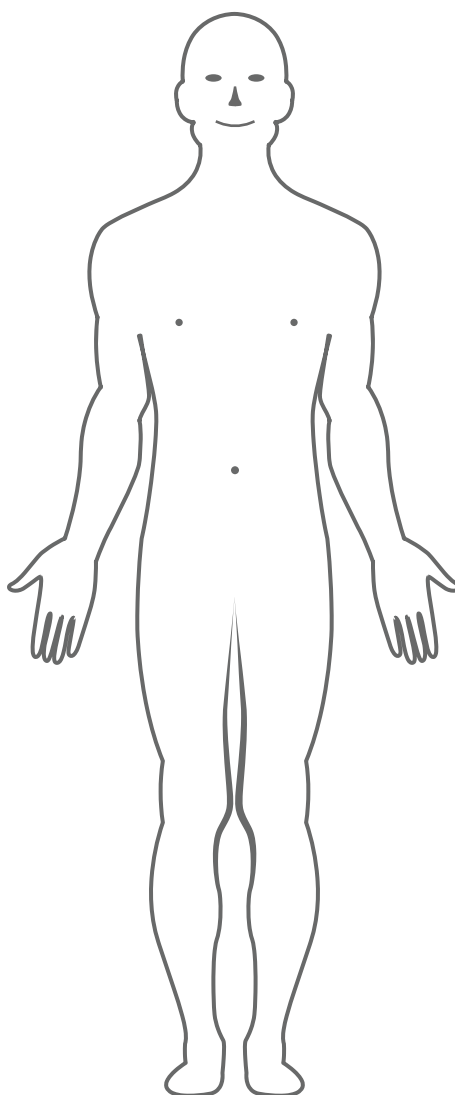
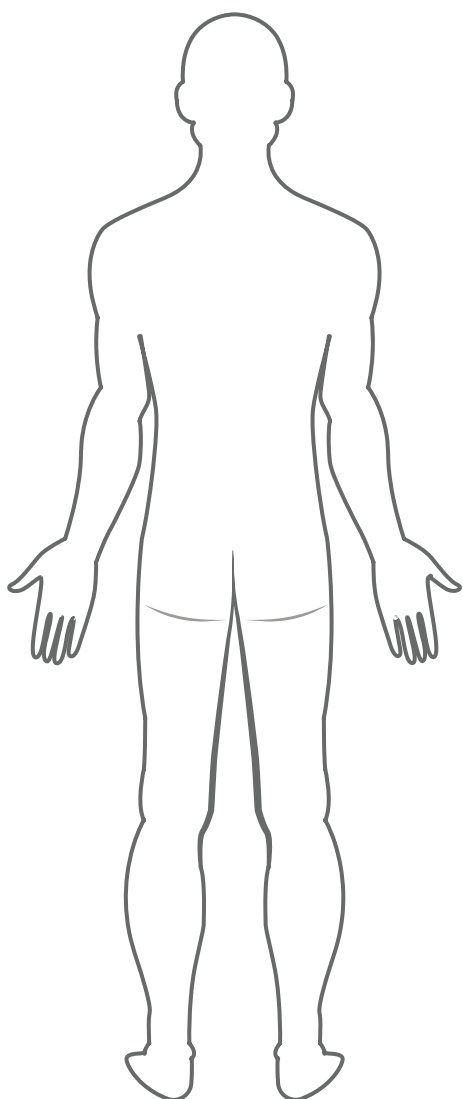
General condition	Level of consciousness	Pupil reaction
1=The patient is generally unaffected 2=The patient is slightly ill or not completely well 3=The patient is ill and generally affected 4=The patient is very ill and heavily affected	1= Awake, alert and well orientated 2= Unclear, but responds to questions 3= Does not respond to questions but responds to pain stimuli 4= Unconscious and unresponsive to pain stimuli	Normal reaction indicated by + / + In case of abnormal reaction, describe your findings (eg. right pupil large, without light reaction)

Please, indicate in pictures below: Pain, injuries or symptoms



Back

Front





NOTE: Include 1000 ml. body evaporation per day
In case of fever, the evaporation is increased by 300 ml per degree above 37 degrees
(see Medical guide for Seafarers page 26)